

# Package: metricminer (via r-universe)

August 23, 2024

**Type** Package

**Title** Mine Metrics from Common Places on the Web

**Version** 0.5.1

**Description** Mine metrics on common places on the web through the power of their APIs (application programming interfaces). It also helps make the data in a format that is easily used for a dashboard or other purposes. There is an associated dashboard template and tutorials that are underdevelopment that help you fully utilize 'metricminer'.

**License** GPL-3

**URL** <https://github.com/fhdsl/metricminer>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/fhdsl/metricminer/issues>

**Imports** httr, jsonlite, assertthat, openssl, gh (>= 1.3.0), getPass, dplyr, lubridate, purrr, tidyr, googledrive, googlesheets4, janitor, stringr, methods, magrittr, rvest, rprojroot, yaml,

**Suggests** knitr, rmarkdown, testthat (>= 3.0.0), withr

**Config/testthat/edition** 3

**Encoding** UTF-8

**RoxygenNote** 7.3.1

**LazyData** true

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**Repository** <https://fhdsl.r-universe.dev>

**RemoteUrl** <https://github.com/fhdsl/metricminer>

**RemoteRef** HEAD

**RemoteSha** b18608a87f04f0c50cd8dc350de4a99d457fa570

## Contents

app_set_up	3
authorize	3
auth_from_secret	4
cache_secrets_folder	5
calendly_get	6
check_check	7
clean_ga_metrics	7
clean_repo_metrics	8
default_creds_path	8
delete_creds	9
encrypt_creds_path	9
example_data_folder	10
extract_answers	10
get_calendly_user	11
get_citation_count	11
get_config_file	12
get_example_data	12
get_ga_metadata	13
get_ga_properties	14
get_ga_property_info	15
get_ga_stats	15
get_ga_user	17
get_github	17
get_github_metrics	18
get_github_repo_summary	19
get_github_repo_timecourse	20
get_github_user	21
get_google_form	21
get_multiple_forms	22
get_multiple_ga_metrics	23
get_multiple_repos_metrics	24
get_org_repo_list	25
get_question_metadata	26
get_slido_files	27
get_timestamp_repo_metrics	28
get_user_repo_list	28
get_youtube_channel_stats	29
get_youtube_video_stats	30
gh_repo_wrapper	30
key_encrypt_creds_path	31
list_calendly_events	31
list_example_data	32
request_ga	33
request_google_forms	33
setup_folders	34
supported_endpoints	35

<i>app_set_up</i>	3
write_playlist_details . . . . .	35
write_to_gsheet . . . . .	36
<b>Index</b>	<b>38</b>

---

<i>app_set_up</i>	<i>App Set Up</i>
-------------------	-------------------

---

**Description**

This is a function that sets up the app. It's generally called by another function

**Usage**

```
app_set_up(app_name = "google")
```

**Arguments**

app_name	app would you like to authorize? Supported apps are 'google' 'calendly' and 'github'
----------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

---

<i>authorize</i>	<i>Authorize R package to access endpoints</i>
------------------	------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

This is a function to authorize the R package to access APIs interactively. To learn more about the privacy policy for metricminer [read here](https://www.metricminer.org/privacypolicy.html)

**Usage**

```
authorize(app_name = NULL, cache = FALSE, ...)
```

**Arguments**

app_name	app would you like to authorize? Supported apps are 'google' 'calendly' and 'github'
cache	Should the token be cached as an .httr-oauth file or API keys stored as global options?
...	Additional arguments to send to <a href="#">oauth2.0_token</a>

**Value**

API token saved to the environment or the cache so it can be grabbed by functions

**Examples**

```
## Not run:

authorize()

authorize("github")

authorize("google")

authorize("calendly")

## End(Not run)
```

---

auth\_from\_secret      *Use secrets to Authorize R package to access endpoints*

---

**Description**

This is a function to authorize metricminer to access calendly, github or google noninteractively from passing in a keys or tokens.

**Usage**

```
auth_from_secret(
  app_name,
  token,
  access_token,
  refresh_token,
  cache = FALSE,
  in_test = FALSE
)
```

**Arguments**

app_name	Which app are you trying to authorize? 'google', 'calendly' or 'github'?
token	For calendly or github, pass in the API key or Personal Access Token that you have set up from going to <a href="https://github.com/settings/tokens/new">https://github.com/settings/tokens/new</a> or <a href="https://calendly.com/integrations/api_">https://calendly.com/integrations/api_</a> respectively.
access_token	For Google, access token can be obtained from running authorize interactively: <code>token &lt;-authorize(); token\$credentials\$access_token</code>
refresh_token	For Google, refresh token can be obtained from running authorize interactively: <code>token &lt;-authorize(); token\$credentials\$refresh_token</code>
cache	Should the credentials be cached? TRUE or FALSE?
in_test	If setting up auth in a test, set to TRUE so that way the authorization doesn't stick

**Value**

OAuth token saved to the environment so the package access the API data

**Examples**

```
## Not run:

# Example for authorizing Calendly
# You go to https://calendly.com/integrations/api_webhooks to get an api key
auth_from_secret("calendly", token = "A_calendly_token_here")

# Example for GitHub
# You go to https://github.com/settings/tokens/new to get a Personal Access Token
auth_from_secret("github", token = "ghp_a_github_pat_here")

# Example for authorizing for Google
token <- authorize("google")
auth_from_secret(
  app_name = "google",
  access_token = token$credentials$access_token,
  refresh_token = token$credentials$refresh_token
)

## End(Not run)
```

---

cache\_secrets\_folder *See where your cached secrets are being stored*

---

**Description**

This is a function to retrieve the file path of where your cached secrets are stored

**Usage**

```
cache_secrets_folder()
```

**Value**

an file path that shows where your cached secrets are stored

**Examples**

```
## Not run:

# You can see where your cached secrets are being stored by running:
cached_secrets_folder()

## End(Not run)
```

---

`calendly_get`*Handle Calendly GET requests*

---

**Description**

This is a function that handles Calendly GET requests

**Usage**

```
calendly_get(url, token = NULL, user = NULL, count = NULL, page_token = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

<code>url</code>	The endpoint URL for this API request
<code>token</code>	You can provide the API key directly using this argument or this function will attempt to grab an API key that was stored using the ‘ <code>authorize("calendly")</code> ’ function
<code>user</code>	The user param for Calendly. Usually looks like "https://api.calendly.com/users/c208a750-9214-4c62-9ee6-a1a9507c7b43"
<code>count</code>	For paginated GETs, you can specify how many things you’d like returned
<code>page_token</code>	For a paginated GET, what page are we on?

**Value**

Calendly REST API response as a list

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
  
authorize("calendly")  
token <- get_token(app_name = "calendly")  
  
result_list <- calendly_get(  
  url = "https://api.calendly.com/users/me",  
  token = token  
)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

`check_check`*Check the testthat check log file and print out how many errors*

---

**Description**

if testthat's tests have been run, this will look for the check to see if anything truly broke It will return a TRUE/FALSE for whether or not there were errors based on the check/testthat.Rout file produced.

**Usage**

```
check_check(report_warning = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

`report_warning` Should the number include warnings in addition errors? Default is both will be reported but if you'd like to ignore warnings set this to FALSE.

**Value**

a how many errors/warnings were found

---

`clean_ga_metrics`*Handle Google Analytics Lists*

---

**Description**

These functions are to clean metric and dimension data from Google Analytics 'get\_ga\_stats()' function.

**Usage**

```
clean_ga_metrics(metrics = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

`metrics` a metrics object from 'get\_ga\_stats()' function

**Value**

a data frame of cleaned metrics from Google Analytics

---

clean\_repo\_metrics      *Summarizing metrics from GitHub*

---

**Description**

This is a function to get metrics for all the repositories underneath an organization

**Usage**

```
clean_repo_metrics(repo_name, repo_metric_list)
```

**Arguments**

repo\_name            The repository name. So for 'https://github.com/fhdsf/metricminer', it would be 'metricminer'

repo\_metric\_list    a list containing the metrics

**Value**

Metrics for a repository on GitHub

---

default\_creds\_path      *Default Credentials path*

---

**Description**

Default Credentials path

**Usage**

```
default_creds_path(app_name)
```

**Arguments**

app\_name            What app set up are you looking for? Supported apps are 'google' 'calendly' and 'github' Get file path to an default credentials RDS



---

delete_creds	<i>Delete cached metricminer credentials</i>
--------------	----------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

This is a function to delete cached creds and creds in the current environment that were set by metricminer

**Usage**

```
delete_creds(app_name = "all")
```

**Arguments**

app_name	which app would you like to delete the creds for? Default is to delete the creds for all.
----------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**Value**

Cached credentials are deleted and report is given back

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
delete_creds("google")  
## End(Not run)
```

---

encrypt_creds_path	<i>Default creds path</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

---

**Description**

Default creds path

**Usage**

```
encrypt_creds_path(app_name)
```

**Arguments**

app_name	What app set up are you looking for? Supported apps are 'google' 'calendly' and 'github'
----------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

---

example\_data\_folder     *Default Credentials path Get file path to an default credentials RDS*

---

**Description**

Default Credentials path Get file path to an default credentials RDS

**Usage**

```
example_data_folder()
```

**Value**

Returns the file path to folder where the example data is stored

---

extract\_answers     *Google Form handling functions – extracting answers*

---

**Description**

This is a function to get extract answers from a Google Form. It is used by the ‘get\_google\_form()’ function if dataformat = "dataframe"

**Usage**

```
extract_answers(form_info)
```

**Arguments**

form\_info     The return form\_info list that is extracted in ‘get\_google\_form()’

**Value**

This returns answers from a google form

---

get\_calendly\_user      *Get Calendly API user*

---

**Description**

This is a function to get the Calendly API user info

**Usage**

```
get_calendly_user(token = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

token	You can provide the API key directly using this argument or this function will attempt to grab an API key that was stored using the ‘authorize("calendly")’ function
-------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**Value**

Calendly API user info as a list

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
  
authorize("calendly")  
get_calendly_user()  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_citation\_count      *Get a list of papers that cite your paper*

---

**Description**

This is a function to retrieve a list of papers that cite your papers

**Usage**

```
get_citation_count(paper_cite_link)
```

**Arguments**

paper\_cite\_link

This is not a google citation page. 1. Go to: <https://scholar.google.com/scholar>  
2. Search for the paper we are looking for the citation count. 3. Then click the Cited by \_\_\_ button below the title of the paper 4. Copy and paste this url and put it in this get\_citation\_count() function

**Value**

A list of the example datasets available in this package

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
  
paper_cite_link <- "https://scholar.google.com/scholar?cites=6140457238337460780"  
  
papers_cited_df <- get_citation_count(paper_cite_link)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

get_config_file	<i>Get config file</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

**Description**

Get the `_config_automation.yml` file to set up a metricminer repo

**Usage**

```
get_config_file(overwrite = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

overwrite	Should a <code>_config_automation.yml</code> file in the current directory be overwritten? Default is false.
-----------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**Value**

Copies a `config_automation.yml` file to your current working directory

---

get_example_data	<i>Get retrieve an example dataset</i>
------------------	----------------------------------------

---

**Description**

This is a function to retrieve a list of the example datasets included with metricminer

**Usage**

```
get_example_data(dataset_name, envir = 1)
```

**Arguments**

`dataset_name` the name of the example dataset to be retrieved from the metricminer package.

`envir` By default the example data is saved in the global environment but this parameter allows you to change that if desired.

**Value**

an object in the environment of the same example dataset name that was requested.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:

# You can see the list of example datasets by running:
list_example_data()

# Then use the datasets of your interest by calling it with this function
get_example_data("gform_info")

# Then if you check your global environment you will see "gform_info" included
ls()

## End(Not run)
```

---

<code>get_ga_metadata</code>	<i>Get metadata associated Google Analytics property</i>
------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

This is a function to get the Google Analytics accounts that this user has access to. The scope it uses is the ‘See and download your Google Analytics data‘ If you don’t this check this box on the OAuth screen this won’t work.

**Usage**

```
get_ga_metadata(property_id, token = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

`property_id` a GA property. Looks like ‘123456789’ Can be obtained from running ‘get\_ga\_properties()‘

`token` credentials for access to Google using OAuth. ‘authorize("google")‘

**Value**

A list showing the metadata types available for the Google Analytics property. This can be used to craft an API request.

## Examples

```
## Not run:

authorize("google")
accounts <- get_ga_user()

properties_list <- get_ga_properties(account_id = accounts$id[1])

property_id <- gsub("properties/", "", properties_list$name[1])
property_metadata <- get_ga_metadata(property_id = property_id)

## End(Not run)
```

---

get_ga_properties	<i>Get all property ids for all Google Analytics associated with an account id</i>
-------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

---

## Description

This retrieves all the property ids associated with a Google Analytics Account. The scope it uses is the ‘See and download your Google Analytics data’ If you don’t this check this box on the OAuth screen this won’t work.

## Usage

```
get_ga_properties(account_id, token = NULL)
```

## Arguments

account_id	the account id of the properties you are trying to retrieve
token	credentials for access to Google using OAuth. ‘authorize("google")’

## Value

All the property ids and information about them for a Google Analytics account.

## Examples

```
## Not run:

authorize("google")
accounts <- get_ga_user()

properties_list <- get_ga_properties(account_id = accounts$id[1])

## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_ga\_property\_info    *Get all property information for a particular property id*

---

### Description

This is a function to get the Google Analytics accounts that this user has access to. The scope it uses is the ‘See and download your Google Analytics data‘ If you don’t this check this box on the OAuth screen this won’t work.

### Usage

```
get_ga_property_info(property_id, token = NULL)
```

### Arguments

property\_id    the property id you want information about.  
token            credentials for access to Google using OAuth. ‘authorize("google")‘

### Value

All the property ids and information about them for a Google Analytics account.

### Examples

```
## Not run:  
  
authorize("google")  
accounts <- get_ga_user()  
properties_list <- get_ga_properties(account_id = accounts$id[1])  
property_id <- gsub("properties\\/", "", properties_list$name[1])  
  
property_info <- get_ga_property_info(property_id = property_id)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_ga\_stats            *Get stats for an associated Google Analytics property*

---

### Description

This is a function to get the Google Analytics accounts that this user has access to. The scope it uses is the ‘See and download your Google Analytics data‘ If you don’t this check this box on the OAuth screen this won’t work.

**Usage**

```
get_ga_stats(
  property_id,
  start_date = "2015-08-14",
  token = NULL,
  body_params = NULL,
  end_date = NULL,
  stats_type = "metrics",
  dataformat = "dataframe"
)
```

**Arguments**

property_id	a GA property. Looks like '123456789' Can be obtained from running 'get_ga_properties()'
start_date	YYYY-MM-DD format of what metric you'd like to collect metrics from to start. Default is the earliest date Google Analytics were collected.
token	credentials for access to Google using OAuth. 'authorize("google")'
body_params	The body parameters for the request
end_date	YYYY-MM-DD format of what metric you'd like to collect metrics from to end. Default is today.
stats_type	Do you want to retrieve metrics or dimensions?
dataformat	How would you like the data returned to you? Default is a "dataframe" but if you'd like to see the original API list result, put "raw".

**Value**

Metrics dimensions for a GA returned from the Google Analytics API. It can be returned as a curated data.frame or the raw version which is the API response as a list

**Examples**

```
## Not run:

authorize("google")
accounts <- get_ga_user()

properties_list <- get_ga_properties(account_id = accounts$id[1])

property_id <- gsub("properties/", "", properties_list$name[1])
metrics <- get_ga_stats(property_id, stats_type = "metrics")
dimensions <- get_ga_stats(property_id, stats_type = "dimensions")

## End(Not run)
```



---

get_ga_user	<i>Get Google Analytics Accounts</i>
-------------	--------------------------------------

---

**Description**

This is a function to get the Google Analytics accounts that this user has access to. The scope it uses is the ‘See and download your Google Analytics data‘ If you don’t this check this box on the OAuth screen this won’t work.

**Usage**

```
get_ga_user(token = NULL, request_type = "GET")
```

**Arguments**

token	credentials for access to Google using OAuth. ‘authorize("google")‘
request_type	Is this a GET or a POST?

**Value**

Information about what accounts Google Analytics credentials has access to

**Examples**

```
## Not run:

authorize("google")
get_ga_user()

## End(Not run)
```

---

get_github	<i>Handler function for GET requests from GitHub</i>
------------	------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

This is a function to get the GitHub user’s info

**Usage**

```
get_github(token = NULL, url)
```

**Arguments**

token	You can provide the Personal Access Token key directly or this function will attempt to grab a PAT that was stored using the ‘authorize("github")‘ function
url	What is the URL endpoint we are attempting to grab here?

**Value**

Information regarding a Github account

---

get\_github\_metrics      *Get the repository summary or time course metrics*

---

**Description**

This is a function to get the information about a repository

**Usage**

```
get_github_metrics(
  repo,
  token = NULL,
  count = 1e+05,
  data_format = "dataframe",
  time_course = FALSE
)
```

**Arguments**

repo	The repository name. So for 'https://github.com/fhdsf/metricminer', it would be 'fhdsf/metricminer'
token	You can provide the Personal Access Token key directly or this function will attempt to grab a PAT that was stored using the 'authorize("github")' function
count	How many items would you like to receive? default is 100000
data_format	Default is to return a curated data frame. However if you'd like to see the raw information returned from GitHub set format to "raw".
time_course	Should the time course data be collected or only the summary metrics?

**Value**

Repository summary or time course metrics for a particular GitHub repository as a dataframe

**Examples**

```
## Not run:

authorize("github")
metrics <- get_github_metrics(repo = "fhdsf/metricminer")

summary_metrics <- get_github_repo_summary(repo = "fhdsf/metricminer")
timecourse_metrics <- get_github_repo_timecourse(repo = "fhdsf/metricminer")

## End(Not run)
```

---

`get_github_repo_summary`*Collect repository summary metrics*

---

## Description

This is a wrapper for `get_github_metrics` that has `'time_course = FALSE'` so that summary metrics are collected

This is a function to get the information about a repository

## Usage

```
get_github_repo_summary(  
  repo,  
  token = NULL,  
  count = 1e+05,  
  data_format = "dataframe"  
)
```

## Arguments

<code>repo</code>	The repository name. So for <code>'https://github.com/fhdsl/metricminer'</code> , it would be <code>'fhdsl/metricminer'</code>
<code>token</code>	You can provide the Personal Access Token key directly or this function will attempt to grab a PAT that was stored using the <code>'authorize("github")'</code> function
<code>count</code>	How many items would you like to receive? default is 100000
<code>data_format</code>	Default is to return a curated data frame. However if you'd like to see the raw information returned from GitHub set format to "raw".

## Value

GitHub repository summary metrics

## Examples

```
## Not run:  
  
authorize("github")  
  
summary_metrics <- get_github_repo_summary(repo = "fhdsl/metricminer")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

`get_github_repo_timecourse`*Collect repository timecourse metrics*

---

## Description

This is a wrapper for `get_github_metrics` that has `'time_course = TRUE'` so that timecourse metrics are collected

This is a function to get the information about a repository

## Usage

```
get_github_repo_timecourse(  
  repo,  
  token = NULL,  
  count = 1e+05,  
  data_format = "dataframe"  
)
```

## Arguments

<code>repo</code>	The repository name. So for <code>'https://github.com/fhdsf/metricminer'</code> , it would be <code>'fhdsf/metricminer'</code>
<code>token</code>	You can provide the Personal Access Token key directly or this function will attempt to grab a PAT that was stored using the <code>'authorize("github")'</code> function
<code>count</code>	How many items would you like to receive? default is 100000
<code>data_format</code>	Default is to return a curated data frame. However if you'd like to see the raw information returned from GitHub set format to "raw".

## Value

GitHub repository timecourse metrics for views and clones

## Examples

```
## Not run:  
  
authorize("github")  
  
timecourse_metrics <- get_github_repo_timecourse(repo = "fhdsf/metricminer")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

get_github_user	<i>Get the GitHub User's info</i>
-----------------	-----------------------------------

---

**Description**

This is a function to get the GitHub user's info

**Usage**

```
get_github_user(token = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

token	You can provide the Personal Access Token key directly or this function will attempt to grab a PAT that was stored using the 'authorize("github")' function
-------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**Value**

Information regarding a Github account

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
  
authorize("github")  
get_github_user()  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

get_google_form	<i>Get Google Forms</i>
-----------------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

This is a function to get Google Form info and responses from the API. The scopes it uses are the 'See all your Google Forms forms.' and 'See all responses to your Google Forms forms.' If you don't check this box on the OAuth screen this function won't work.

**Usage**

```
get_google_form(form_id, token = NULL, dataformat = "dataframe")
```

**Arguments**

form_id	The form ID we need to get
token	credentials for access to Google using OAuth. 'authorize("google")'
dataformat	What format would you like the data? Options are "raw" or "dataframe". "dataframe" is the default.

**Value**

This returns a list of the form info and responses to the google form. Default is to make this a list of nicely formatted dataframes.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:

authorize("google")
form_info <- get_google_form(
  "https://docs.google.com/forms/d/1Neyj7wwNpn8wC7NzQND8kQ30cnbbETSpT01KhX7uaQY/edit"
)
form_id <- "https://docs.google.com/forms/d/1Neyj7wwNpn8wC7NzQND8kQ30cnbbETSpT01KhX7uaQY/edit"

### OR You can give it a direct form id

form_info <- get_google_form("1Neyj7wwNpn8wC7NzQND8kQ30cnbbETSpT01KhX7uaQY")

## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_multiple\_forms      *Get multiple Google forms*

---

**Description**

This is a wrapper function for returning google form info and responses for multiple forms at once. The scopes it uses are the ‘See all your Google Forms forms.’ and ‘See all responses to your Google Forms forms.’ If you don’t check this box on the OAuth screen this function won’t work.

**Usage**

```
get_multiple_forms(form_ids = NULL, token = NULL, dataformat = "dataframe")
```

**Arguments**

form_ids	a vector of form ids you’d like to retrieve information for
token	credentials for access to Google using OAuth. ‘authorize("google")’
dataformat	What format would you like the data? Options are "raw" or "dataframe". "dataframe" is the default.

**Value**

This returns a list of API information for google forms

## Examples

```
## Not run:

authorize("google")
form_list <- googledrive::drive_find(
  shared_drive = googledrive::as_id("0AJb5Zemj0AAkUk9PVA"),
  type = "form"
)

multiple_forms <- get_multiple_forms(form_ids = form_list$id)

## End(Not run)
```

---

```
get_multiple_ga_metrics
```

*Get all metrics for all properties associated with an account*

---

## Description

This is a function to gets metrics and dimensions for all properties associated with an account. The scope it uses is the ‘See and download your Google Analytics data‘ If you don’t this check this box on the OAuth screen this won’t work.

## Usage

```
get_multiple_ga_metrics(
  account_id = NULL,
  property_ids = NULL,
  token = NULL,
  start_date = "2015-08-14",
  end_date = NULL,
  dataformat = "dataframe",
  stats_type = c("metrics", "dimensions", "link_clicks")
)
```

## Arguments

account_id	the account id that you’d like to retrieve stats for all properties associated with it.
property_ids	A vector of property ids you’d like to retrieve metrics for.
token	credentials for access to Google using OAuth. ‘authorize("google")‘
start_date	YYYY-MM-DD format of what metric you’d like to collect metrics from to start. Default is the earliest date Google Analytics were collected.
end_date	YYYY-MM-DD format of what metric you’d like to collect metrics from to end. Default is today.

<code>dataformat</code>	How would you like the data returned to you? Default is a "dataframe" but if you'd like to see the original API list result, put "raw".
<code>stats_type</code>	Do you want to retrieve metrics or dimensions? List all you want to collect as a vector

**Value**

Either a list of dataframes where 'metrics', 'dimensions' and 'link clicks' are reported. But if 'format' is set to "raw" then the original raw API results will be returned

A list of metrics, dimensions, and link clicks for a for all properties underneath a Google Analytics account. It can be returned as a curated data.frame or the raw version which is the API response as a list

**Examples**

```
## Not run:

authorize("google")
accounts <- get_ga_user()

properties_list <- get_ga_properties(account_id = accounts$id[1])
property_ids <- gsub("properties/", "", properties_list$name[1:2])

all_properties <- get_multiple_ga_metrics(account_id = accounts$id[1])

some_properties <- get_multiple_ga_metrics(property_ids = property_ids)

## End(Not run)
```

---

```
get_multiple_repos_metrics
```

*Retrieve metrics for a list of repos*

---

**Description**

This is a function to get metrics for a list of repos. You can provide an owner and attempt retrieve all repositories from a particular organization, or you can provide a character vector of repositories like "

**Usage**

```
get_multiple_repos_metrics(
  repo_names = NULL,
  token = NULL,
  data_format = "dataframe",
  time_course = FALSE
)
```



**Arguments**

repo_names	a character vector of repositories you'd like to collect metrics from.
token	You can provide the Personal Access Token key directly or this function will attempt to grab a PAT that was stored using the 'authorize("github")' function
data_format	Default is to return a curated data frame. However if you'd like to see the raw information returned from GitHub set format to "raw".
time_course	Should the time course data be collected or only the summary metrics?

**Value**

Information regarding a Github account

**Examples**

```
## Not run:

authorize("github")

repo_names <- c("fhdsl/metricminer", "jhudsl/OTTR_Template")
some_repos_metrics <- get_multiple_repos_metrics(repo_names = repo_names)

some_repos_metrics <- get_multiple_repos_metrics(repo_names = repo_names, time_course = TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_org\_repo\_list      *Retrieve list of repositories for an organization*

---

**Description**

This is a function to get the information about a repository

**Usage**

```
get_org_repo_list(
  owner,
  count = 1e+05,
  data_format = "dataframe",
  token = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

owner	The owner of the repository. So for 'https://github.com/fhds1/metricminer', it would be 'fhds1'
count	The number of responses that should be returned. default is 100000
data_format	Default is to return a curated data frame. However if you'd like to see the raw information returned from GitHub set format to "raw".
token	You can provide the Personal Access Token key directly or this function will attempt to grab a PAT that was stored using the 'authorize("github")' function

**Value**

a list of repositories that an organization has

**Examples**

```
## Not run:

authorize("github")
get_org_repo_list(owner = "fhds1")

## End(Not run)
```

---

get\_question\_metadata *Google Form handling functions*

---

**Description**

This is a function to get metadata about a Google Form. It is used by the 'get\_google\_form()' function if dataformat = "dataframe".

**Usage**

```
get_question_metadata(form_info)
```

**Arguments**

form_info	The return form_info list that is extracted in 'get_google_form()'
-----------	--------------------------------------------------------------------

**Value**

This returns metadata from a google form

---

get_slido_files	<i>Get Slido Files</i>
-----------------	------------------------

---

### Description

This is a function to get slido response output files. The slido files must be saved as googlesheets and cannot be xlsx. The scope it uses is the ‘See, edit, create, and delete all your Google Sheets spreadsheets.’ If you don’t check this box on the OAuth screen this function won’t work.

### Usage

```
get_slido_files(  
  drive_id,  
  token = NULL,  
  recursive = TRUE,  
  keep_duplicates = FALSE  
)
```

### Arguments

drive_id	a URL or drive id that has the slido response output files you are looking to get (will recursively search for files by default).
token	credentials for access to Google using OAuth. ‘authorize("google")’
recursive	Should slido files be looked for recursively in this folder? default is TRUE.
keep_duplicates	By default we won’t keep duplicated files if a two files have the same name. But if you set this to true, duplicates will be returned.

### Value

A list of the slido files and their content in a Google drive location.

### Examples

```
## Not run:  
  
drive_id <- "https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/0AJb5Zemj0AAkUk9PVA"  
drive_id <- "https://drive.google.com/drive/u/0/folders/1XWXHHyj32Uw_UyaUJrqp6S--hHnM0-71"  
slido_data <- get_slido_files(drive_id)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

```
get_timestamp_repo_metrics
    Get timestamp repository metrics
```

---

**Description**

Get timestamp repository metrics

**Usage**

```
get_timestamp_repo_metrics(results, column)
```

**Arguments**

results	An API result from GitHub typically the views or clones for a repo
column	name of the column being extracted. Typically "views" or "clones"

**Value**

Extracted timestamp metrics from the API response

---

```
get_user_repo_list    Retrieve list of repositories for an organization
```

---

**Description**

This is a function to get the information about a repository

**Usage**

```
get_user_repo_list(
  owner,
  count = 1e+05,
  data_format = "dataframe",
  token = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

owner	The owner of the repository. So for 'https://github.com/fhdsf/metricminer', it would be 'fhdsf'
count	The number of responses that should be returned. default is 100000
data_format	Default is to return a curated data frame. However if you'd like to see the raw information returned from GitHub set format to "raw".
token	You can provide the Personal Access Token key directly or this function will attempt to grab a PAT that was stored using the 'authorize("github")' function

**Value**

a list of repositories that an organization has

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
  
authorize("github")  
get_user_repo_list(owner = "metricminer")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

```
get_youtube_channel_stats  
      Get Youtube channel stats
```

---

**Description**

This is a function to retrieve statistics for a Youtube channel

**Usage**

```
get_youtube_channel_stats(channel_id, token = NULL, dataformat = "dataframe")
```

**Arguments**

channel_id	ID of the Youtube channel to retrieve stats from.
token	OAuth token from Google login.
dataformat	How would you like the data returned to you? Default is a "dataframe" but if you'd like to see the original API list result, put "raw".

**Value**

A data frame of the channel stats from a Youtube channel.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
  
authorize("google")  
youtube_channel_stats <- get_youtube_channel_stats("UCr73I9ZEPbn-3_1CBM57QgQ")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

get\_youtube\_video\_stats

*Get Youtube video stats*

---

### Description

This is a function to get a statistics on a Youtube video

### Usage

```
get_youtube_video_stats(video_id, token = NULL, dataformat = "dataframe")
```

### Arguments

video_id	ID of the Youtube video to retrieve stats from.
token	OAuth token from Google login. <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YkYnni-WuaQor">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YkYnni-WuaQor</a> just the "YkYnni-WuaQor" part that comes after the 'v=' bit.
dataformat	How would you like the data returned to you? Default is a "dataframe" but if you'd like to see the original API list result, put "raw".

### Value

A data frame of the Youtube video stats.

### Examples

```
## Not run:  
  
authorize("google")  
youtube_video_stats <- get_youtube_video_stats("YkYnni-WuaQ")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

gh\_repo\_wrapper

*Wrapper function for gh repository calls*

---

### Description

This is a function that wraps up gh calls for us

### Usage

```
gh_repo_wrapper(api_call, owner, repo, token = NULL, count = 1e+05)
```

**Arguments**

api_call	an API call and endpoint. That has 'owner' and 'user'.
owner	The repository name. So for 'https://github.com/fhds/metricminer', it would be 'fhds'
repo	The repository name. So for 'https://github.com/fhds/metricminer', it would be 'metricminer'
token	You can provide the Personal Access Token key directly or this function will attempt to grab a PAT that was stored using the 'authorize("github")' function
count	How many items would you like to receive? default is 100000

**Value**

Metrics for a repository on GitHub

---

key\_encrypt\_creds\_path

*Get file path to an key encryption RDS*

---

**Description**

Get file path to an key encryption RDS

**Usage**

key\_encrypt\_creds\_path()

---

list\_calendly\_events *Get Calendly Event Lists*

---

**Description**

This is a function to get a list of scheduled events from a Calendly user.

**Usage**

list\_calendly\_events(token = NULL, user, count = 100)

**Arguments**

token	You can provide the API key directly using this argument or this function will attempt to grab an API key that was stored using the 'authorize("calendly")' function
user	You need to retrieve the Calendly user's URI. You can do this by doing 'user <- get_calendly_user()' and 'user\$resource\$uri'
count	The number of responses that should be returned. Default is 20 or you can say "all" to retrieve all.

**Value**

Calendly REST API response as a list

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
  
authorize("calendly")  
user <- get_calendly_user()  
list_calendly_events(user = user$resource$uri)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

list_example_data	<i>Get list of example datasets</i>
-------------------	-------------------------------------

---

**Description**

This is a function to retrieve a list of the example datasets included with metricminer

**Usage**

```
list_example_data()
```

**Value**

A list of the example datasets available in this package

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
  
list_example_data()  
  
# Now you could use any of these example datasets that are printed out  
get_example_data("calendly_events")  
  
## End(Not run)
```



---

request_ga	<i>Handler for API requests from Google Analytics</i>
------------	-------------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

This is a function that handles requests from Google Analytics. The scope it uses is the ‘See and download your Google Analytics data‘ If you don’t this check this box on the OAuth screen this won’t work.

**Usage**

```
request_ga(token, url, query = NULL, body_params = NULL, request_type)
```

**Arguments**

token	credentials for access to Google using OAuth. ‘authorize("google")‘
url	The endpoint URL for the request
query	A list to be passed to query
body_params	The body parameters for the request
request_type	Is this a GET or a POST?

**Value**

An API response in the form of a list

---

request_google_forms	<i>Get Google Forms</i>
----------------------	-------------------------

---

**Description**

This is a function to get the Google Forms API requests. The scopes it uses are the ‘See all your Google Forms forms.’ and ‘See all responses to your Google Forms forms.’ If you don’t check this box on the OAuth screen this function won’t work.

**Usage**

```
request_google_forms(  
  token,  
  url,  
  body_params = NULL,  
  query_params = NULL,  
  return_request = TRUE  
)
```

**Arguments**

token	credentials for access to Google using OAuth. 'authorize("google")'
url	The endpoint URL for the request
body_params	The body parameters for the request
query_params	The body parameters for the request
return_request	Should a list of the request be returned as well?

**Value**

This function returns a list from a API response JSON file

---

setup_folders	<i>Setups folder structure for metricminer</i>
---------------	------------------------------------------------

---

**Description**

This is a function to setup a folder structure for metricminer data to be saved to. It depends on and reads Scope used for this function is the 'See, edit, create, and delete only the specific Google Drive files you use with this app.'

**Usage**

```
setup_folders(
  config_file = file.path(rprojroot::find_root(rprojroot::has_dir(".git")),
    "_config_automation.yml"),
  token = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

config_file	The file path to the _config_automation.yml file
token	OAuth token from Google login.

**Value**

The googlesheet URL where the data has been written

**Examples**

```
## Not run:

authorize("google")

setup_folders(
  config_file = "_config_automation.yml"
)
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

---

```
supported_endpoints    Supported endpoints
```

---

### Description

This is function stores endpoints and supported app names

### Usage

```
supported_endpoints()
```

---

```
write_playlist_details  
    Write playlist details from YouTube
```

---

### Description

Write playlist details from YouTube

### Usage

```
write_playlist_details(playlist_id, token = NULL, outfile = NULL)
```

### Arguments

`playlist_id` string, playlist ID on YouTube  
`token` OAuth token from Google login.  
`outfile` string, a filename to which to write results in the 'resources' folder

### Value

writes a file containing the dataframe of cleaned results

**Examples**

```

## Not run:
# Not run
write_playlist_details(
  playlist_id = shorts_playlist_id,
  outfile = "youtube_shorts_data.tsv"
)
write_playlist_details(
  playlist_id = "PL6aYJ_0zJ4uCABkMngSYjPo_3c-nUUmio",
  outfile = "youtube_shorts_data.tsv"
)

## End(Not run)

```

---

write\_to\_gsheet

*Writes data to a Googlesheet*


---

**Description**

This is a function to write metricminer data to a Googlesheet. Scope used for this function is the ‘See, edit, create, and delete only the specific Google Drive files you use with this app.’ When you get to the OAuth consent screen. If you do not check this box, this function won’t work.

**Usage**

```

write_to_gsheet(
  input,
  token = NULL,
  gsheet = NULL,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  append_rows = FALSE,
  sheet = 1,
  new_sheet = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

**Arguments**

input	input data to write to a googlesheet
token	OAuth token from Google login.
gsheet	Optionally a googlesheet to write to
overwrite	TRUE/FALSE overwrite if there is data at the destination
append_rows	TRUE/FALSE should the data be appended to the data?
sheet	Index or name of the worksheet you want to write to. Forwarded to googlesheets4::write_sheet or googlesheets4::append_sheet to indicate what sheet it should be written to.
new_sheet	default is FALSE. But if it is anything else will be used as the name for a new worksheet that will be made and written to.
...	these parameters are sent to googlesheets4::write_sheet.

**Value**

The googlesheet URL where the data has been written

**Examples**

```
## Not run:

authorize("github")
repo_list <- get_user_repo_list(owner = "metricminer")
gsheet <- paste0(
  "https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/",
  "166MV4_1pfATB3Hes2HbdZCpkMc8JTT3u3eJes6Wu7Rk/edit#gid=0"
)
write_to_gsheel(repo_list)

datasheet <- write_to_gsheel(
  gsheel = gsheel,
  input = repo_list, append_rows = TRUE,
  sheet = 1
)

datasheet <- write_to_gsheel(
  gsheel = gsheel,
  input = repo_list,
  new_sheet = "github_data"
)

## End(Not run)
```

# Index

app\_set\_up, 3  
auth\_from\_secret, 4  
authorize, 3

cache\_secrets\_folder, 5  
calendly\_get, 6  
check\_check, 7  
clean\_ga\_metrics, 7  
clean\_repo\_metrics, 8

default\_creds\_path, 8  
delete\_creds, 9

encrypt\_creds\_path, 9  
example\_data\_folder, 10  
extract\_answers, 10

get\_calendly\_user, 11  
get\_citation\_count, 11  
get\_config\_file, 12  
get\_example\_data, 12  
get\_ga\_metadata, 13  
get\_ga\_properties, 14  
get\_ga\_property\_info, 15  
get\_ga\_stats, 15  
get\_ga\_user, 17  
get\_github, 17  
get\_github\_metrics, 18, 19, 20  
get\_github\_repo\_summary, 19  
get\_github\_repo\_timecourse, 20  
get\_github\_user, 21  
get\_google\_form, 21  
get\_multiple\_forms, 22  
get\_multiple\_ga\_metrics, 23  
get\_multiple\_repos\_metrics, 24  
get\_org\_repo\_list, 25  
get\_question\_metadata, 26  
get\_slido\_files, 27  
get\_timestamp\_repo\_metrics, 28  
get\_user\_repo\_list, 28

get\_youtube\_channel\_stats, 29  
get\_youtube\_video\_stats, 30  
gh\_repo\_wrapper, 30

key\_encrypt\_creds\_path, 31

list\_calendly\_events, 31  
list\_example\_data, 32

oauth2.0\_token, 3

request\_ga, 33  
request\_google\_forms, 33

setup\_folders, 34  
supported\_endpoints, 35

write\_playlist\_details, 35  
write\_to\_gsheet, 36